Code Parallelization

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Code Parallelization

two stages to write a parallel code

- problem domain
 - → algorithm
- program domain
 - → implementation



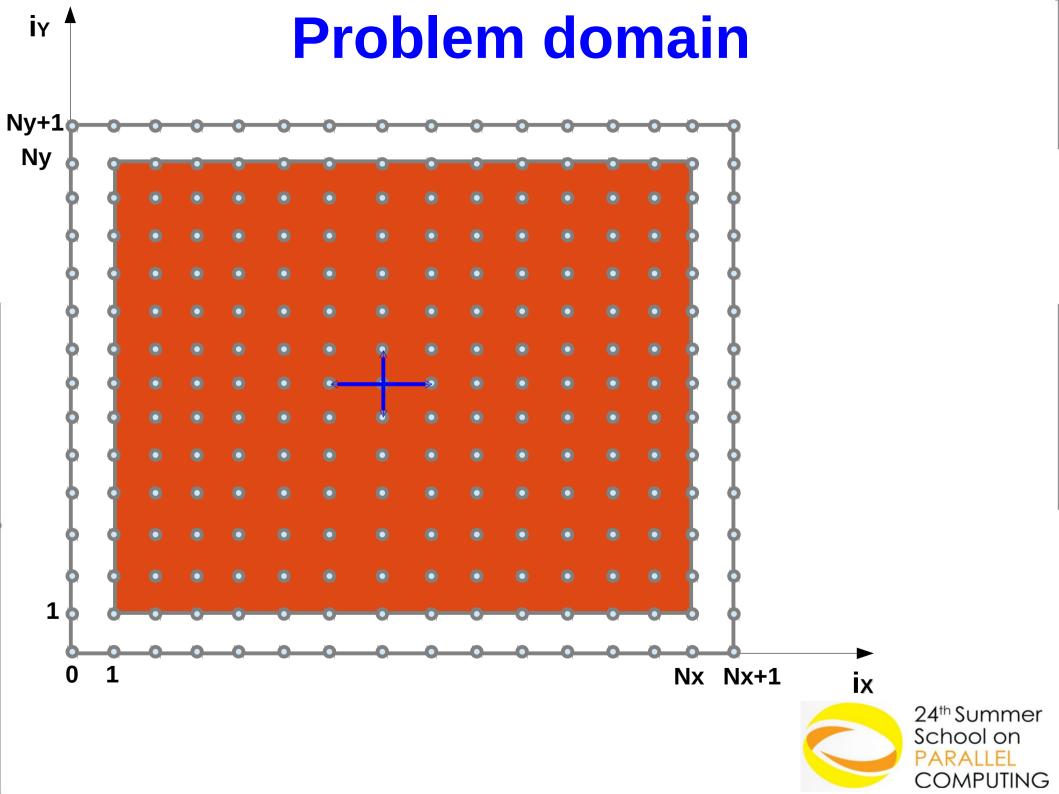
Problem domain

- Understanding the problem
- Identifying the most computationally demanding parts of the problem

```
for(i=1;i<=500;++i) {
    evolve(0.1, temp, temp_new);
    update_boundaries_FLAT(temp);
}</pre>
```

```
do iy=1,NY
  do ix=1,NX
  temp0 = temp(ix,iy)
  temp_new(ix,iy) = (temp(ix+1,iy)-temp(ix-1,iy)+temp(ix,iy+1)-temp(ix,iy-1)) / dx
  enddo
enddo
```



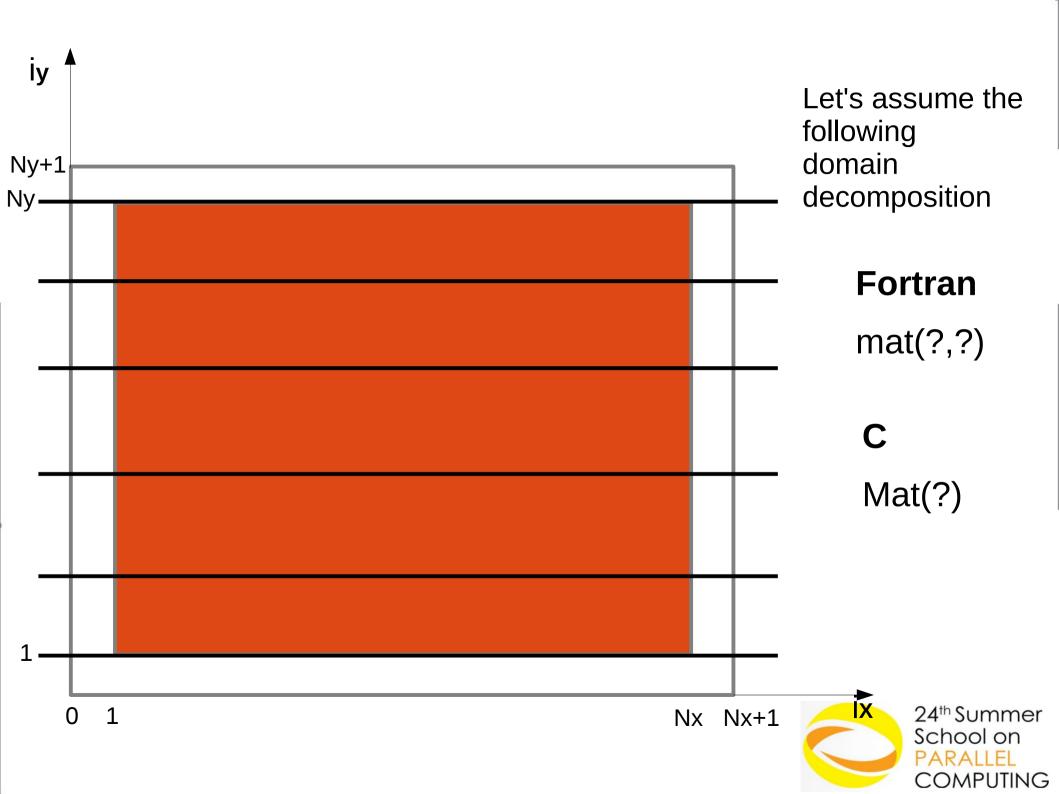


Concurrency

Find concurrency:

- similar operations that can be applied to different parts of the data structure
- domain decomposition: divide data into chunks that can be operated concurrently
 - → a task works only its chunk of data
 - → map local to global variables





Dependencies

Handle dependencies among tasks:

 Tasks needs access to some portion of another task local data (data sharing)



Code Parallelization

2 different stages to parallelize a serial code

- problem domain
 - → algorithm
- program domain
 - → Implementation (the fun part)

